

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### According to Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 and National Model Code of Practice for the

### preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals

Version 1.1

Printing date: 18/09/2019 Revision date: 18/09/2019

SDS Record Number: CSSS-TCO-010-117595

1. Identification of the material and supplier				
Material name:	75W/90 GL-5 Fully Synthetic Heavy-duty Vehicle Gear Oil			
Other means of identification:	-			
Recommended use:	Suitable for lubrication of manual transmission of various kinds of vehicles.			
Restrictions on use:	-			
Manufacturer:				
Supplier(Manufacturer):	SINOPEC LUBRICANT CO.,LTD			
Address:	No. 6 Anning Zhuang West Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P.R.China			
Contact person(E-mail):	csc.lube@sinopec.com			
Telephone:	86-800-810-9886			
Fax:	86-10-82410856			
Emergency number:	86-800-810-9886			
Australia Supplier(Manufacturer):	International Lubricant Distributors Pty. Ltd.			
Address:	Level 3, 43 Kishorn Road, Applecross, 6153 Australia			
Contact person(E-mail):	-			
Telephone:	-			
Fax:	+61 8 9381 1788			
Emergency number:	1300 558 939			
New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer):	Waitomo Lubricants Limited (GST 104255744)			
Address:	15 Ellis Street, Frankton, Hamilton, PO Box 5125, Hamilton 3242			
Telephone:	+64 7 847 0829			
Fax:	+64 7 846 0032			
Emergency number:	+64 7 847 0829 (24 Hrs)			
New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer):	MTS ENERGY LTD			
Address:	44 Northcote Road, North Shore, Auckland 0627, New Zealand			
Telephone:	+64 9 480 8921			
Fax:	+64 9 480 8398			
Emergency number:	0800 399 993 (24 Hrs)			
New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer):	Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226			
Address:	166 Totara Street, Mt Maunganui South, New Zealand			
Contact person(E-mail):	-			
Telephone:	+64 9 368 2700			
Fax:	+64 9 368 2710			



**Emergency number:** 

#### 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

### 2. Hazards identification

#### Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition) **New Zealand:** 

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001, New Zealand. Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

#### **GHS** label elements:

Hazard Pictograms: :	No hazard pictogram is used.		
Signal word:	No signal word is used.		
Hazard statement:	Not applicable.		
Precautionary statement:			
Prevention:	Not applicable.		
Response:	Not applicable.		
Storage:	Not applicable.		
Disposal:	Not applicable.		
Other hazards which do not result in classification:	Not applicable.		

3. Composition/information on ingredients					
Components CAS No. Percent					
Highly refined mineral oil	Mixture	90-98%			
Additive	Mixture	2-10%			

4. First aid measures	
Inhalation:	No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in
	the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or
	respiratory discomfort occurs.
Skin:	No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if
	contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard
	contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.
Eye:	No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if
	worn, and flush eyes with water.
Ingestion:	No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get
	medical advice.
Symptoms caused by exposure:	Not available.
Medical Attention and Special Treatment:	Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.Extinguishing media which must not beWater.



used for safety reasons: Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters:

In case of heat, fire and strong oxidants can lead to burning. Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, aldehydes, nitrogen oxides, phosphate, certain metal oxides and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete combustion.

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

6. Accidental release measures					
Personal	precautions,	protective	Avoid build up of vapour. Ensure sufficient supply of air. Avoid contact with eyes or skin.		
equipment and emergency procedures:			Contact with water - danger of sliding. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment		
			and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel.		
Environmental precautions:			If leakage occurs, dam up. Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground		
			penetration. Prevent from entering drainage system. If accidental entry into drainage		
			system occurs, inform responsible authorities.		
Methods and materials for containment For large spills: Remove with vacuum truck or pump to storage/salvage vessels.					
and cleaning up:			For small spills: Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable		
			material. Place in non-leaking container and seal tightly for proper disposal.		

7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling:	Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Storage regulation	Do not store in open or unlabeled containers. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames and high temperatures. Classified as a Class C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS1940. This product should be stored and used in a well-ventilated area away from naked flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.		

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters – e	xposure Not availabl	e	
standards, biological n	nonitoring:		
Exposure Levels			
Occupational exposure	e limits:		
Australia. National Wo	kplace OELs (Workplace Exposu	re Standards for Airborne Conta	aminants, Appendix A)
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Australia. OELs. (Adop	ted National Exposure Standards	s for Atmospheric Contaminants	in the Occupational Environment)
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
No ovposuro standarda	any been established for this mate	vrial	

No exposure standards have been established for this material.

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week. Appropriate engineering controls: Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels as low as possible. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a local exhaust ventilation system is required. Personal protective equipment: Eye/face protection: No special eve protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice. Skin protection: No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. No respiratory protection is normally required. No respiratory protection is ordinarily **Respiratory protection:** required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material..lf user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge. Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. Hand protection: Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties			
Appearance:			
Physical state:	Liquid		
Form:	Liquid		
Color:	Light to Brown		
Odor:	Petroleum odor		
Odour threshold:	Not available		
PH:	Not available		
Melting point/Freezing point:	Not available		
Boiling point and boiling range:	Not available		
Flash point:	(Cleveland Open Cup) 180 °C (356 °F) Minimum		
Evaporation rate:	Not available		
Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not available		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Not available		
limits:			
Vapor pressure:	<0.01 mmHg Maximum @ 37.8 °C (100 °F)		
Vapor density:	>1 Minimum(Air = 1)		
Density:	0.89 kg/l @ 20°C (68°F) (Typical)		
Solubility (H <sub>2</sub> O) :	Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents; insoluble in water.		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) :	Not available		
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available		
Decomposition temperature:	Not available		
Viscosity, dynamic:	13.5 mm2/s $\sim$ 18.5 mm2/s $@$ 100 $^{\circ}$ C (212 $^{\circ}$ F)		
Specific heat value:	Not available		

Particle size:	Not available
Volatile organic compounds content:	Not available
% volatile:	Not available
Saturated vapour concentration:	Not available
Release of invisible flammable vapours	Not available
and gases:	
Additional parameters	
Shape and aspect ratio:	Not available
Crystallinity:	Not available
Dustiness:	Not available
Surface area:	Not available
Degree of aggregation or agglomeration:	Not available
Ionisation (redox potential):	Not available
Biodurability or biopersistence:	Not available

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.		
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Contact with strong oxidants.		
Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials. Avoid extreme temperatures, sun exposure, and the fire			
Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.			
Hazardous decomposition products:	Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, aldehydes, nitrogen oxides, phosphate,		
	certain metal oxides and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete		
	combustion.		

## 11. Toxicological information

Toxicological data:	
Acute toxicity:	
LD50(Oral, Rat):	Not available
LD50(Dermal, Rabbit):	Not available
LC50(Inhalation, Rat):	Not available
Skin corrosion/Irritation:	No data available.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	No data available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization:	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	No data available.
Carcinogenicity:	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity:	No data available.
STOT- single exposure:	No data available.
STOT-repeated exposure:	No data available.
Aspiration hazard:	No data available.
Other information	This product has no known adverse effect on human health.
Information on routes of exposure	No data available.
Symptoms related to exposure	No data available.
Numerical measures of toxicity	No data available.
Immediate, delayed and chronic health	No data available.
effects from exposure	

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxi	city:							
	Acute	toxicity	Time	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remarks	
	LC50	N/A	96h	Fish	OECD 203	N/A	N/A	
	EC50	N/A	48h	Daphnia	OECD 202	N/A	N/A	
	EC50	N/A	72h	Algae	OECD 201	N/A	N/A	
Persistence ar	nd degrae	dability:	This materia	al is not expect	ed to be readily bi	odegradable.		1
Bioaccumulati	ve poten	itial:	This materia	al contains com	ponents with pote	ential to bioaccu	mulation.	
Mobility in soi					I will be adsorbed			
Other adverse	effects:				onmental effects			
			-		ine disruption, glo	bal warming po	otential) are exp	bected from this
			component.					
13. Disposa	l consi	derations						
-		osal methods:	Collect and	reclaim or disp	ose in sealed con	tainers at licens	ed waste dispos	sal site.
Disposal of an	-		Australia:					
packaging:	-		The dispose	al of the spilled	d or waste materia	al must be done	e in accordance	with applicable
			local and na	tional regulation	ons.			
			New Zealand:					
			Product Disposal					
			Product wastes are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all					
			applicable local and national regulations. This product can be disposed through a licensed					
			commercial waste collection service. In this specific case the product is a combustible					
			substance and therefore can be sent to an approved high temperature incineration plant for					
			disposal. Personal protective clothing and equipment as specified in Section 8 of this SDS					
			must be worn during handling and disposal of this product. The ventilation requirements as					
			specified in the same section must be followed, and the precautions given in Section 7 of this SDS regarding handling must also be followed. Do not dispose into the severage					
			this SDS regarding handling must also be followed. Do not dispose into the sewerage system. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or dispose where ground or surface					
			waters may be affected. In New Zealand, the disposal agency or contractor must comply					
			with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001. Further details					
			regarding disposal can be obtained on the EPA New Zealand website under specific group					
			standards.					
			Container [	Disposal				
			The contair	ner or packag	ing must be clea	aned and rende	ered incapable	of holding any
			substance.	It can then be	disposed of in a	manner consiste	ent with that of	the substance it
			contained. I	n this instance	e the packaging	can be dispose	d through a co	mmercial waste
			collection se	ervice. Alternat	ively, the containe	r or packaging o	an be recycled	if the hazardous
			residues ha	ve been thoro	ughly cleaned or	rendered non-h	azardous. In Ne	ew Zealand, the
			packaging (	that may or ma	ay not hold any res	sidual substance	e) that is lawfully	v disposed of by
					sumers through a	public or comme	ercial waste coll	ection service is
			a means of	compliance wit	th regulations.			

## 14. Transport information

#### Australia:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. **New Zealand:** 

Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

U.N. Number

None Allocated

**Proper Shipping Name** 

None Allocated

DG Class

None Allocated

**Packing Group** 

None Allocated

**15. Regulatory information** 

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

#### Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

#### New Zealand:

Not classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

	Australia HVIC: Listed substance
	Not available.
New Zealand Location Test Certificate	
	Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations a location test certificate is

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply	Quantity beyond which controls apply
	for closed containers	when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

#### New Zealand Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities			
Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
Inventory status:				
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*		
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Not available		
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Not available		

Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Not available
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	Not available
	(IECSC)	
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	Not available
	Substances (EINECS)	
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	Not available
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	Not available
	(ENCS)	
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Not available
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Not available
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical	Not available
	Substances (PICCS)	
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Not available

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information		
Indication of changes:	Version 1.1	
Date of preparation or review:	2019.9.18	
Key abbreviations or acronyms	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service	
used:	LC50: Lethal Concentration 50	
	EC50: Concentration for 50% of maximal effect	
	LD50: Lethal dose 50%	
	MAC: maximum allowable concentration, MAC)	
	PC-TWA: permissible concentration-time weighted average	
	PC-STEL: permissible concentration-short term exposure limit	
reference	Australia:	
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.	
	Approved criteria for classifying hazardous substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].	
	National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets [NOHSC:	
	2011(2003)].	
	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.	
	Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted	
	carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.	
	Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia.	
	American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)	
	New Zealand:	
	Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices	
	Transport of Dangerous goods on land NZS 5433.	
	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets - Approved Code of Practice Under the HSNO Act 1996 (HSNO	
	CoP 8-1 0906).	
	Assigning a hazardous substance to a group standard.	
	American Conference of IndustriaLHygienists (ACGIH)	