

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 and National Model Code of Practice for the

preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals

Version 1.1

Issue date: 18/09/2019 Revision date: 18/09/2019

SDS Record Number: CSSS-TCO-010-1172304

1. Identification of the material and supplier ZLS GL-5 85W/140 Limited Slip Gear Oil Material name: Other means of identification: Recommended use: Suitable for the requirements on limited slip differential of axle shafts or gearbox lubrication. Restrictions on use: Not available Manufacturer: Supplier(Manufacturer): SINOPEC LUBRICANT CO., LTD Address: No. 6 Anning Zhuang West Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P.R.China Contact person(E-mail): csc.lube@sinopec.com **Telephone:** 86-800-810-9886 Fax: 86-10-82410856 **Emergency number:** 86-800-810-9886 Australia Supplier(Manufacturer): International Lubricant Distributors Pty. Ltd. Address: Level 3, 43 Kishorn Road, Applecross, 6153 Australia Contact person(E-mail): **Telephone:** +61 8 9381 1788 Fax: **Emergency number:** 1300 558 939 New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer): Waitomo Lubricants Limited (GST 104255744) Address: 15 Ellis Street, Frankton, Hamilton, PO Box 5125, Hamilton 3242 **Telephone:** +64 7 847 0829 Fax: +64 7 846 0032 **Emergency number:** +64 7 847 0829 (24 Hrs) New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer): MTS ENERGY LTD Address: 44 Northcote Road, North Shore, Auckland 0627, New Zealand **Telephone:** +64 9 480 8921 Fax: +64 9 480 8398 **Emergency number:** 0800 399 993 (24 Hrs) New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer): Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 166 Totara Street, Mt Maunganui South, New Zealand Address: Contact person(E-mail): **Telephone:** +64 9 368 2700



Fax:

Emergency number:

+64 9 368 2710 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

2. Hazards identification

Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition) **New Zealand:**

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001, New Zealand. Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements:

Hazard Pictograms: :	No hazard pictogram is used.
Signal word:	No signal word is used.
Hazard statement:	Not applicable.
Precautionary statement:	
Prevention:	Not applicable.
Response:	Not applicable.
Storage:	Not applicable.
Disposal:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification:	Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Components	CAS No.	Percent	
Highly refined mineral oil	64742-54-7/64742-57-0	85 - 100%	
alkyl sulfur mixtures	Mixture	0-15%	

4. First aid measures	
Inhalation:	No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in
	the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or
	respiratory discomfort occurs.
Skin:	No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if
	contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard
	contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.
Eye:	No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if
	worn, and flush eyes with water.
Ingestion:	No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get
	medical advice.
Symptoms caused by exposure:	Not available.
Medical Attention and Special Treatment:	Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO₂) to extinguish flames.

Extinguishing media which must not be	Water.
used for safety reasons:	
Specific hazards arising from the	This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. Highly dependent on combustion
chemical:	conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon
	monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this
	material undergoes combustion.
Special protective equipment and	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing
precautions for fire fighters:	apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Personal precautions, protective	Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapour. Avoid skin and eye contact. Refe	
equipment and emergency procedures:	to section 8 of SDS for personal protection details.	
Environmental precautions:	Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits.	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:	Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Clean up spill as soon a possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Us appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated material in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.	

7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling:	Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition.
Storage regulation	Classified as a Class C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS1940. This product should be stored and used in a well-ventilated area away from naked flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection				
Control parameters – exposure	Not available			
standards, biological monitoring	J:			
Exposure Levels				
Occupational exposure limits:				
Australia. National Workplace O	ELs (Workplace Exposure Sta	Indards for Airborne Co	ontaminants, Appendix A)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form	

		П	
Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Australia. OELs. (Adopted Natio	onal Exposure Standards for Atr	nospheric Contaminants in the O	ccupational Environment)
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
No exposure standards have bee	n established for this material, how	wever, the TWA National occupation	al Health And Safety Commission
(NOHSC) exposure standards for	oil mist, mineral is 5 mg/m3, the s	STEL National occupational Health	And Safety Commission (NOHSC)
exposure standards for oil mist, m	iineral is10 mg/m3.		
TWA (Time Weighted Average): 1	The average airborne concentratio	n of a particular substance when c	alculated over a normal eight-hour
working day, for a five-day week.			
Appropriate engineering contro	Provide sufficient ve	ntilation to keep airborne levels as	low as possible. Where vapours or
	mists are generated	, particularly in enclosed areas, and	natural ventilation is inadequate, a
	local exhaust ventila	tion system is required.	
Personal protective equipment:			
Eye/face protection: No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear s		splashing is possible, wear safety	
	glasses with side sh	glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.	
Skin protection:	No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select		
protective clothing depending on operations conducted physical requirements and c		d physical requirements and other	
	substances in the w	orkplace.	
Respiratory protection:	No respiratory prof	ection is normally required. No r	espiratory protection is ordinarily
required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hyperbolic hyperbolic sectors and the sector hyperbolic sectors and the sectors and the sectors are set of the sectors and the sectors are set of the sec		nce with good industrial hygiene	
practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If user opera			ning of materialIf user operations
	generate an oil mis	st, determine if airborne concentra	tions are below the occupational
	exposure limit for	mineral oil mist. If not, wear an a	approved respirator that provides
	adequate protection	from the measured concentration	s of this material. For air-purifying
respirators use a particulate cartridge. Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator			pressure air-supplying respirator in
	circumstances wher	e air-purifying respirators may not p	rovide adequate protection.
Hand protection:	Suggested materials	s for protective gloves include: Neop	orene, Nitrile Rubber.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:	
Physical state:	Liquid
Form:	Oily liquid
Color:	Transparent, yellow
Odor:	Odorless or slight odor
Odour threshold:	Not available
PH:	Not available
Melting point/Freezing point:	Not available
Boiling point and boiling range:	>230°C (typical)
Flash point:	214 °C (Open Cup)(typical)
Evaporation rate:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Not available
limits:	
Vapor pressure:	<0.5MPa(40°C)
Vapor density:	>1 (air=1)

Density:	0.86-0.91 kg/l @ 20°C
Solubility (H ₂ O) :	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) :	> 6 (estimated value)
Auto-ignition temperature:	>200°C
Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Viscosity, dynamic:	24~<41mm2/s @100°C
Specific heat value:	Not available
Particle size:	Not available
Volatile organic compounds content:	Not available
% volatile:	Not available
Saturated vapour concentration:	Not available
Release of invisible flammable vapours	Not available
and gases:	
Additional parameters	
Shape and aspect ratio:	Not available
Crystallinity:	Not available
Dustiness:	Not available
Surface area:	Not available
Degree of aggregation or agglomeration:	Not available
Ionisation (redox potential):	Not available
Biodurability or biopersistence:	Not available

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity:	Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	May react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid:	Incompatible materials. Avoid extreme temperatures, sun exposure, the fire source.
Incompatible materials:	Strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.
Hazardous decomposition products:	A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide,
	carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material
	undergoes combustion.

11. Toxicological information

Toxicological data:	
Acute toxicity:	
LD50(Oral, Rat):	>5g/kg
LD50(Dermal, Rabbit):	>5g/kg
LC50(Inhalation, Rat):	>10g/m3
Highly refined mineral oil (CAS: 64742	2-54-7)
LD50(Oral, Rat):	> 5000 mg/kg bw
LD50(Dermal, Rabbit):	> 2000 mg/kg bw
LC50(Inhalation, Rat):	2.18 mg/L air
Highly refined mineral oil (CAS: 64742	2-57-0)
LD50(Oral, Rat):	> 5000 mg/kg bw
LD50(Dermal, Rabbit):	> 2000 mg/kg bw
LC50(Inhalation, Rat):	2.18 mg/L air

Skin corrosion/Irritation:	No data available.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	No data available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization:	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	No data available.
Carcinogenicity:	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity:	No data available.
STOT- single exposure:	No data available.
STOT-repeated exposure:	No data available.
Aspiration hazard:	No data available.
Other information	This product has no known adverse effect on human health.
Information on routes of exposure	No data available.
Symptoms related to exposure	No data available.
Numerical measures of toxicity	No data available.
Immediate, delayed and chronic health	No data available.
effects from exposure	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute t	oxicity	Time	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remarks
LC50	N/A	96h	Fish	OECD 203	N/A	N/A
EC50	N/A	48h	Daphnia	OECD 202	N/A	N/A
EC50	N/A	72h	Algae	OECD 201	N/A	N/A

Persistence and degradability: Bioaccumulative potential: Mobility in soil: Other adverse effects: This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. This material contains components with potential to bioaccumulation. If into the soil, this material will be adsorbed and not flow. No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone

creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations	
Safe handling and disposal methods:	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.
Disposal of any contaminated	Australia:
packaging:	The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable
	local and national regulations.
	New Zealand:
	Product Disposal
	Product wastes are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all
	applicable local and national regulations. This product can be disposed through a licensed
	commercial waste collection service. In this specific case the product is a combustible
	substance and therefore can be sent to an approved high temperature incineration plant for
	disposal. Personal protective clothing and equipment as specified in Section 8 of this SDS
	must be worn during handling and disposal of this product. The ventilation requirements as
	specified in the same section must be followed, and the precautions given in Section 7 of
	this SDS regarding handling must also be followed. Do not dispose into the sewerage
	system. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or dispose where ground or surface

waters may be affected. In New Zealand, the disposal agency or contractor must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001. Further details regarding disposal can be obtained on the EPA New Zealand website under specific group standards.

Container Disposal

The container or packaging must be cleaned and rendered incapable of holding any substance. It can then be disposed of in a manner consistent with that of the substance it contained. In this instance the packaging can be disposed through a commercial waste collection service. Alternatively, the container or packaging can be recycled if the hazardous residues have been thoroughly cleaned or rendered non-hazardous. In New Zealand, the packaging (that may or may not hold any residual substance) that is lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through a public or commercial waste collection service is a means of compliance with regulations.

14. Transport information

Australia:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. **New Zealand:**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

U.N. Number

None Allocated

Proper Shipping Name

None Allocated

DG Class

None Allocated

Packing Group

None Allocated

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

New Zealand:

Not classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

Australia HVIC: Listed substance

Not available.

New Zealand Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations a location test certificate is

required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply	Quantity beyond which controls apply
	for closed containers	when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

New Zealand Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Not Applicable	
Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Not available.
Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Not available.
Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Not available.
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	Not available.
(IECSC)	
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	Not available.
Substances (EINECS)	
European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	Not available.
Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	Not available.
(ENCS)	
Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Not available.
New Zealand Inventory Not available.	
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical	Not available.
Substances (PICCS)	
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Not available.
	Inventory name Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Existing Chemicals List (ECL) New Zealand Inventory Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information	
Indication of changes:	Version 1.1
Date of preparation or review:	2019.9.18
Key abbreviations or acronyms	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
used:	LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
	EC50: Concentration for 50% of maximal effect
	LD50: Lethal dose 50%
	MAC: maximum allowable concentration, MAC)
	PC-TWA: permissible concentration-time weighted average
	PC-STEL: permissible concentration-short term exposure limit
reference	Australia:
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	Approved criteria for classifying hazardous substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].
	National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets [NOHSC:
	2011(2003)].



Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia.

American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

New Zealand:

Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices

Transport of Dangerous goods on land NZS 5433.

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets - Approved Code of Practice Under the HSNO Act 1996 (HSNO CoP 8-1 0906).

Assigning a hazardous substance to a group standard.

American Conference of IndustriaLHygienists (ACGIH)